Emergency Planning Workbook

courtesy of



EquineU.com



Emergency Planning Worksheet

What are the most common types of natural disasters in your area: Download specific information from the websites listed at the end of this document and attach it to your plan.
Other types of emergencies you may encounter:
House Fire
Barn Fire
Household flooding from broken pipes
Where are the shutoffs located for utilities?
Main Electrical Circuit :
Main Water Valve:
Gas Valve:
***Do not shut off gas unless you suspect a leak exists.
Location of wrench to shut off gas:
Location of the Manual Garage Door Override:
Location of other utilities:
On a separate piece of paper, draw a floor plan of your house and barn. Show the locations of exit doors and windows, utility shutoffs, fire extinguishers, emergency supplies and first aid kit.
Your emergency supply kit and first aid kit are located:
Fire Extinguishers are located:

Complete the Family Communications Plan

Do you, a friend or family member need special assistance during an emergency?

Check with your city or county office of emergency services to register for additional assistance. Remember to assist others with special needs, if it is safe to do so.

Reunion Locations: Establish two places whe emergency. One immediately outside of your emergency and a site away from your home in	home, e.g. a neighbor's mailbox, for use during a home
Home Location:	
Away from Home Location:	
rodeo grounds, fair grounds, animal shelters,	our animals, where would you go. Places may include friends or family with land outside the immediate area.
Closest to home:	
Outside your immediate area:	
3. Another Option:	
Out of Area Contact: Name and telephone numerities to call to report their location and co	Imber of person outside your local area for family indition.
Name:	
Location:	Phone:
on your family, animals and property.	ne during an emergency, designate a neighbor to check
Name:	Phone:
	ol's policies are in the event of an emergency. Do they to leave. Designate an authorized adult to pick up your
 _	s's emergency plan and location of supplies. You may adequate supplies for 3 days. Co-workers without ers whenever possible.
2 years.	your animals, refresher classes should be taken every
Person(s) Trained:	
Name:	
Name:	Date Training Expires:
Name:	Date Training Expires:
Name:	Date Training Expires:

Before a Disaster

- 1. Annually, inspect your home and property for potential hazards and correct problems.
- 2. Determine evacuation routes.
- 3. Secure water heater and tall or heavy furniture.
- 4. Move heavy items to lower shelves
- 5. Install clips, latches and other locking devices on cabinet doors.
- 6. Provide strong support and flexible connections on gas appliances.
- 7. Remove or isolate and secure flammable materials.
- 8. Update your emergency plans and supplies annually.
- 9. Update your emergency contact information annually.
- 10. Keep vehicles and trailers well maintained and full of fuel.
- 11. Keep at least a 1 week supply of food and hay on your property at all times.
- 12. If you have a large facility, consider purchasing a backup generator.
- 13. Develop a buddy system. Make arrangements to check on each other after a disaster.
- 14. Photograph or video tape your property and belongings. Keep a copy with your important documents and send a copy to a friend or family member outside of the area.
- 15. Make a list of additional items you would take with you if time and space allowed.
- 16. Practice your plan before disaster strikes.

Notes:		

If a Disaster is Predicted

If you have time and it is safe, take the following actions:

- 1. Determine if horses should be left in the pasture or in the barn. If the pasture has good fencing and limited trees, the pasture may be safer. Safe barns may provide safety from flying debris, but may trap livestock if the barn collapses.
- 2. If you are unable to evacuate livestock during a wildfire, you may need to set them free and close the gates so they do not return and become trapped. Tag each animal.
- 3. If flooding is a possibility, can the animals move to higher ground?
- 4. Do not leave animals in a pasture with electrical lines.
- 5. Do not keep horses in barbed wire fencing or electrical fencing during a storm.
- 6. Turn off the power source to the barn.
- 7. Fill all water troughs and additional containers with enough water for 3-7 days. Horses and other livestock will need 12-20 gallons of water per animal/day. Do not rely on automatic waters. Water for 3-7 days
- 8. Cover or move feed and hay to a secure and dry place. A 3-7 day supply is recommended.
- 9. Secure all moving objects.
- 10. Remove all items from hallways.
- 11. Jumps and lawn furniture should be put inside or secured.
- 12. Move large vehicles such as tractors and trailers in a garage or an open field where trees cannot fall on them.
- 13. Gather all emergency supplies and first aid kits. If you are sheltering in place, keep them in your safe room.
- 14. Determine if it is safe to shelter in place or if you will be evacuating. Remember it may be impossible to evacuate if you wait.
- 15. Review information on the type of disaster. Listen to the radio for specific instructions.

Notes:			

Evacuating

- 1. Prominently post a message indicating where you can be found, note the date and time you left. Spray paint or permanent marker on the front door or other visible location works best.
- 2. Turn off the main electrical breaker and the main water source.
- 3. Do not turn off the gas unless instructed to do so or you smell gas.
- 4. Take your animals with you and go to the predetermined location.
- 5. Take at least 3 days worth of food and water for your family and animals.
- 6. Take your Emergency Prepared Kit and First Aid supplies.
- 7. If time and space allows, gather family photos or other sentimental items.

Notes:			
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During the Emergency

- 1. Go to the safest location. Stay away for windows and furniture that may fall.
- 2. Follow the recommendations for your specific event: tornado, earthquake, flood, etc.
- 3. Do not use the phone except in emergencies. Only call 911 for life threatening emergencies.

otes:	

After the Emergency

- 1. Put on heavy shoes to avoid injury from glass and other debris. Wear protective gear such as safety glasses, dust masks and heavy gloves when cleaning up after the disaster.
- 2. Check family members for injuries and provide first aid.
- 3. Carefully inspect each animal for injury.
- 4. Check for fires and fire hazards.
- 5. Sniff for gas leaks starting at the hot water heater. If you smell gas or hear a hissing sound or suspect a leak, turn off the main gas valve. Turn off electrical system at the main circuit breaker or fuse box. Do not turn on lights or use matches or lighters. Do not turn the gas back on until the gas company or a plumber has checked the system.
- 6. Listen for advisories using a battery powered radio.
- 7. Inspect the house, roof, chimneys, barns, out buildings and fences for damage.
- 8. Check on your "buddy" and neighbors.
- 9. Take photos of your property.
- 10. Clean up potentially harmful material.
- 11. Remove debris around your house, barn and pastures.
- 12. Do not touch downed power lines.
- 13. Make one phone call to your out-of-area contact, keep the conversation very brief. Do not use the phone except in emergencies. Only call 911 for life threatening emergencies.
- 14. If your animals are missing contact local animal control or the disaster response team.
- 15. Cooperate with public safety officials.
- 16. Be prepared to evacuate when/if necessary.

Notes:		

Water Purification

- 1. Boil for 1 full minute, keeping in mind some water will evaporate, let water completely cool before using <u>or</u>
- 2. Add 8 drops (1/4 teaspoon) of household bleach per gallon of clear water. Use 16 drops (1/2 teaspoon) per gallon of cloudy water, mix well and let stand for 30 minutes or
- 3. Use water purification tablets, follow the manufacturer's instructions.

Additional Important Telephone Numbers:	
911 or your local emergency response numberemergencies.	for life threatening
Non-Emergency Calls	
Fire:	
Police:	
Animal Control:	
Animal Emergency Team:	
Gas Company:	
Electric Company:	
Water Company:	
Other:	
Other:	
Other:	
Important Documents:	
Keep these documents in a waterproof, portable container:	
Will, insurance policies, contracts, deeds, stocks and bonds	
Passports, social security cards, immunization records	
Bank account numbers	
Credit card account numbers and companies	
• Inventory of valuable household goods, important telephone numbers	
Family records (birth, marriage, death certificates)	
☐ Animal registration papers, proof of ownership, mircochip information,	etc.
☐ Animal medical history, vaccination records and Coggins test results	
□ Pictures of family members and animals	

For more information about specific types of emergencies you may encounter, go to the websites <u>listed below.</u>

All Types of Disasters

http://www.fema.gov/hazard/types.shtm

House Fires & Fire Safety

http://www.firesafety.gov



Emergency Contacts Plan

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Prepare. Plan. Stay Informed.

From www.ready.gov



Equine Medical Emergency ContactsThis information should be kept near your horse in case of an emergency. Owner: _____ Address: City, State, Zip: Contact Numbers: Attach Photos of Horses If the owner is not available contact: Here with Names Name: Phone: _____ **Veterinarian:** Name: _____ Phone: _____ Pager: _____ Back up Veterinarian: _____ Pager: ______ Horses Names Color Sex Age **Special Medical Needs or Instructions:** Horse Name:

Horse Name:

Horse Name:

First Aid Kit

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\checkmark	RECOMMENDED MINIMUM SUPPLIES	NOTES
	Adhesive bandages in multipe sizes (bandaids)	
	Adhesive tape	
	Gauze roller bandages or compress	
	Sterile gauze pads 2 incha and 4 inch	
	Sterile surgical pads for pressure dressings	
	Triangular bandages	
	Tweezers and scissors	
	Eye dressing packet	
	Sterile eye wash	
	Antiseptic towelettes	
	Nonadherent bandage pads	
	Thermometer	
	Antibacterial Soap	
	Elastic bandages (Ace® wraps)	
	Gloves	
	Cotton-tipped swaps	
	Commercial Ice Packs	
	CPR Shield or Mask	
	Emergency Blanket	
	Flashlight	
	Additional Supplies for Horse Owners	
	Stethoscope	
	Duct Tape	
	Roll cotton	
	Brown gauze	
	Vet wrap®	
	Leg wraps	
	PVC splints	

Eme	rgency Preparedness Checklist	2006 Action Safety Education, Inc.
DONE	Plans	NOTES
	Animal Medical Emergency Plan	
	Evacuation Plan	
	Disaster Preparedness Plan/Emergency Planning Worksheet	
DONE	Human Emergency Kit	NOTES
	Water - 1 gallan per person per day (1 week supply)	
	Water purification kit & household bleach	
	First Aid Kit	
	First Aid Book	
	Food for 1 week	
	Can Opener (non-electric)	
	Blankets, Sleeping Bags, Towels	
	Portable Radio, flashlight and spare batteries	
	Essential Prescription and Over-the Counter Medications & Eye Glasses	
	Fire Extinguisher - ABC type	
	Cash and Change	
	Baby Supplies: diapers, formula, bottles, diaper wipes, etc.	
	Large plastic trash bags, tarps & rain gear	
	Large trash can	
	Toiletries - soap, shampoo, toothpaste & tooth brushes	
	Feminine hygiene products	
	Toilet Paper & Paper towels	
	Heavy Gloves	
	Candles & matches	
	Change of clothing, sturdy boots	
	Knife or razor blades	
	Tent	
	Paper, permanent markers, pens, stamps	
	Cooking & Eating Utensils, Heavy duty aluminum foil	
	Axe, Shovel, broom	
	Adjustable wrench	
	Tool kit with screwdrivers, pliers, hammer	
	Rope	
	Duct Tape	
	Plastic tape, stable gun & plastic sheeting	
	City & Regional Map	
	Bicycles	
	Important family documents	
	Emergency Contact List	
	Safety Glasses	
	Masks	
	For children: coloring books, crayons, games	
	Garden hose	
	5 gallon bucket with lid to be used as a latrine	

DONE	rgency Preparedness Checklist Large Animal Kit (in addition to items listed previously)	NOTES
	Water - 12-20 gallons per animal per day (1 week supply)	
	Hay & other feed for 1 week, store in large plastic trash cans	
	Vaccination records, health certificate and Coggins test results	
	Medical History	
	Proof of ownership (copies of breed registration, photos, microchip numbers, etc.)	
	First Aid Kit	
	Water bucket(s)	
	Rake	
	Wheel barrow	
	Halters(leather if possible), luggage tags or other identifiers, lead ropes	
	Blankets	
	Wire cutters	
	Flourescent Spray Paint, Livestock Marking Crayon	
	Bandanas for blind folds	
	Fly Spray	
	Hoof pick, other hoof care tools if avalable	
	Twitch or nose leads	
	Prescription medications	
DONE	Small Animal Kit (in addition to items listed previously)	NOTES
	2 week supply of water and food	
	Medications	
	Cages, carriers, leashes, harnesses, muzzles for each animal	
	Tags or other identification on each animal	
	Veterinary medical records including vaccination history	
	Proof of ownership, registration, microchips, photos, etc.	
	Food and water bowls	
	Familiar items such as toys, treats, bedding	
	Newspaper for bedding and litter	
	Litter pan, scoop and litter	
	Birds,amphibians, reptiles and other animals: bring items essential to their health.	